



Bilby 3D

MATERIAL DATA SAFETY SHEET

Issued in Australia by Bilby 3D Pty Ltd.

The attached Material Data Safety Sheet has been prepared by the manufacturer outside Australia.

In accordance with Australia WHS regulations the following Australian contact details apply

Section 1: AUSTRALIAN COMPANY DETAILS

In Australia the product is imported and distributed by:
Bilby 3D Pty Ltd

Mailing Address :

Kingsgrove Business Centre, 7/192 Kingsgrove Rd, Kingsgrove NSW 2208

Head Office Address :

Kingsgrove Business Centre, 7/192 Kingsgrove Rd, Kingsgrove NSW 2208

Contact Phone: 1800 847 333

Section 2: AUSTRALIAN EMERGENCY CONTACT

Emergency Contact

In the event of an emergency please contact:

Poisons Information Centre 24 hour Telephone Advice Line on 13 11 26

Section 3: AUSTRALIAN ISSUE DATA

Date of Issue : 1 March 2020

1- Zetamix General guidelines White Zirconia

Zetamix filaments are on a fine powder (< 1.0 µm) and a thermoplastic binder system for the FDM process. Green parts need a binder removal in a two-stage debinding process before being sintered. First debinding step is dissolving the binder in a solvent bath. In the second debinding step the remaining binder is thermally removed. These general guidelines are based on the processing of test parts with a wall thickness of 2 mm.

The recommendations are considered to work as a standard guideline and must be adapted to individual wall-thickness and part-design.

Filament characteristics

Typical material properties	
<i>Product</i>	Filament for FDM process
<i>Binder basis</i>	Polyolefinebased binder system
<i>Appearance</i>	White filament

Typical processing properties	
<i>Printing temperature</i>	180 °C
<i>Plate temperature</i>	50 °C
<i>Nozzle size</i>	From 0.4 mm to 1 mm (need to adjust the printing speed, the wider the nozzle the slower) 0.6mm recommended
<i>Layer thickness</i>	0.2mm (possibility to go from 0.1 to 1mm, need to adjust printing speed)
<i>Printing speed</i>	20mm/s - 35mm/s
<i>Debinding process :</i>	Two-stage debinding process
<i>1st step : chemical debinding</i>	2 hours in a acetone bath at 40°C 2 hours drying in ambient atmosphere
<i>2nd step : thermal debinding</i>	Thermal debinding up to 500 °C with a 8°C/h ramp
<i>Sintering</i>	20°C to 1475°C with a 50°C/hour ramp 2 hour holding time
<i>Shrinkage rate</i>	21% (x and y) / 20.6% (z)

Printing instructions:

It is preferable to use a driving gear which is not too much aggressive and will not crush the filament (ideally a grooved driving gear). The filament can be grinded by the extruder, that's why it should be cleaned before a long print. To make sure that the printer is ready we recommend preheating the system and start extruding some material. If nothing comes out of the nozzle there might be a clog. Therefore, the nozzle must be replaced or cleaned.

We recommend the use of a wear resistant nozzle, for instance with a ruby or ceramic tip. We recommend printing the piece on a glass plate in order to obtain a good surface quality. The part can be detached from the build plate using an ultrasound bath.

Printing parameters: Refers to the IdeaMaker parameters guidelines

Scale: 126.6% (x and y) ~126% (z)

Printing speed: from 20 to 35 mm/s depending on the shape of the part

Layer height: from 0.3mm down to 0.1mm

Retraction: 1mm at 20 mm/s

Fan speed: 100% (the higher the better the print quality)

Wall line count: at least two

Infill: any 2D pattern (triangles, grid, honeycomb, rectilinear)

Infill density: from 100% down to 5% (the top surfaces above the infill depends on the pattern infill density)

Top/bottom surface number:

- for a 0.1mm layer height: 10
- for a 0.2mm layer height: 5

Supports structure: Can be printed using the same material or a soluble material via a dual extrusion system. In order to have a great surface quality at least 3 dense top layers should be printed between the support structure and the part.

2- Debinding Recommendations

First step: solvent debinding (acetone bath)

Step 1: Solvent bath

- It is recommended to debind the printed parts in an acetone bath at 40 °C.
- At least 5% of the weight of the piece should be removed during the solvent debinding step (after drying).
- The duration is depending on wall thickness and part geometry but takes at least 2 hours.

Step 2: Drying

- Let the parts dry at the ambient air (the part can be placed on a tissue to absorb the water)
- The duration is depending on wall thickness and part geometry but takes at least 2 hours.
- This step is essential to measure the mass removed by the solvent debinding step

Second step: thermal debinding

Place the parts in a crucible on a refractory powder bed to accommodate shrinkage and support the part during debinding.

The most reliable process consists of a heating rate of 8°C per hour from 20°C to 500°C. It takes 2 and a half days to complete the debinding.

For small parts the process can be as described below:

segment	From (°C)	To (°C)	Heating rate (°C/h)	Dwell time (h)	Segment duration (min)	Duration in total (h)
0		20			0	0
1	20	125	35		180	3h
2	125	200	50		90	4h30
3	200	215	22		40	5h10
4	215	250	11		180	8h10
5	250	280	20		90	9h40
6	280	320	8		300	14h40
7	320	510	24		480	22h40

3- Sintering Recommendations

Sintering in a high temperature furnace

Thermal cycle: 20 - > 1475°C with 50°C/h ramp, in 29h
holding time 2h
1475 - > 20°C with 100°C/h ramp, in 15h

Because of the shrinkage, there is a change of volume. Please modify the scale in the slicer before printing, as it is said in "Printing parameters".