

MATERIAL DATA SAFETY SHEET

Issued in Australia by Bilby 3D Pty Ltd.

The attached Material Data Safety Sheet has been prepared by the manufacturer outside Australia.

In accordance with Australia WHS regulations the following Australian contact details apply

Section 1: AUSTRALIAN COMPANY DETAILS

In Australia the product is imported and distributed by: Bilby 3D Pty Ltd Mailing Address : Kingsgrove Business Centre, 7/192 Kingsgrove Rd, Kingsgrove NSW 2208 Head Office Address : Kingsgrove Business Centre, 7/192 Kingsgrove Rd, Kingsgrove NSW 2208 Contact Phone: 1800 847 333

Section 2: AUSTRALIAN EMERGENCY CONTACT

Emergency Contact

In the event of an emergency please contact: Poisons Information Centre 24 hour Telephone Advice Line on 13 11 26

Section 3: AUSTRALIAN ISSUE DATA

Date of Issue : 1 March 2020

NANOe

1-

Zetamix General guidelines Stainless Steel 316L

Zetamix filaments are on a fine powder (5-20 μ m) and a thermoplastic binder system for the FDM process. Green parts need a binder removal before being sintered. In the debinding process the binder is thermally removed. These general guidelines are based on the processing of test parts with a wall thickness of 2 to 4 mm.

The recommendations are considered to work as a standard guideline and must be adapted to individual wall-thickness and part-design.

Typical material properties	
Product	Filament for FDM process
Binder basis	Polyolefinebased binder system
Appearance	Dark grey filament

Typical processing properties	
Printing temperature	180°C
Plate temperature	30 °C
Nozzle size	0.4 mm to 1 mm
Layer thickness	0.20 mm (possibility to go from 0.1 to 1mm, need to ajust printing speed)
Printing speed	20 mm/s (recommended)
Debinding process	Thermal debinding From 50 °C to 650°C at 10°C/h in argon atmosphere
Sintering process	In a high temperature furnace Up to 1380°C at 300°C/h, holding time 3h in hydrogen atmosphere.
Sintering shrinkage rate	In xy direction: 19.8% (ie 10 mm \rightarrow 8.0 mm after sintering) In z direction: 21.3% (ie 10 mm \rightarrow 7.9 mm after sintering)
Oversize factor	In xy direction: 123% (ie 12.30 mm \rightarrow 10 mm after sintering) In z direction: 127.1% (ie 12.71 mm \rightarrow 10 mm after sintering)

Printing instructions:

The filament is softer than plastic filaments. Therefore, it is preferable to use a driving gear which is not too much aggressive and will not crush the filament (ideally a grooved driving gear). The filament can be grinded by the extruder, that's why it should be cleaned before a long print. To make sure that the printer is ready we recommend preheating the system and start extruding some material. If nothing come out of the nozzle there might be a clog. Therefore, the nozzle must be replaced or cleaned.

We recommend the use of a wear resistant nozzle, for instance with a ruby or ceramic tip. In order to avoid filament grinding, we recommend to load the filament without any pressure at all and then delicately increase it until the filament just gets pushed through the PTFE tube.

We recommend printing the piece on flexible plate. The part can be detached by binding it.





Printing parameters:

Printing speed: from 15 to 50 mm/s depending on the shape of the part Layer height: from 0.3mm down to 0.1mm Retraction: no retraction Fan speed: 100% (the higher the better the print quality) Wall line count: 3 recommended (at least two) Infill: any 2D pattern (triangles, grid, honeycomb, rectilinear) Infill density: from 100% down to 20% (the top surfaces above the infill depends on the pattern infill density) Top/bottom surface number:

- for a 0.1mm layer height: 10

for a 0.2mm layer height: 5

Supports structure: Can be printed using the same material or a soluble material via a dual extrusion system. In order to have a great surface quality at least 3 dense top layers should be printed between the support structure and the part.